

#### Storm Water Resource Plan

Stephen Carter, P.E.
Task Lead

Paradigm Environmental





SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE

## Water Pollution Prevention Program

Clean Water. Healthy Community. www.flowstobay.org

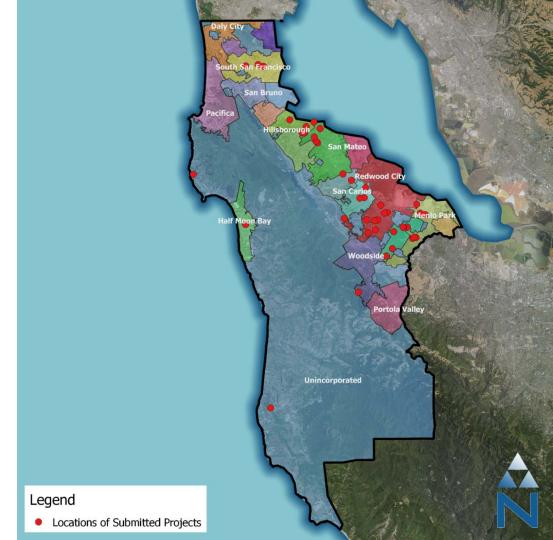
C/CAG Stormwater Committee April 21, 2015

## **Stormwater Resource Planning**

- June 2016 Develop project concepts to support Prop 1 grant applications
- June 2016 Prepare draft SRP that incorporates project concepts to meet grant application process
- Dec 2016 Final SRP due to the State if grants are awarded

# Data Compilation

- GIS data from cities/county
- Project information



## Identify and Prioritize Stormwater and GI Projects

- Process tailored to C/CAG preferences
- GIS screening of public parcels and rights-ofway
- Prioritization based on:
  - Maximum effectiveness for stormwater control
  - Multiple benefits
     (groundwater recharge, reuse, enhancement of habitat or open space)

**Identify Subwatersheds** 

- Based on storm drain catchments
- Isolate key physical characteristics (HRUs)
- · Prioritize based on HRUs

2

Identify Public Parcels and Rights-of-Way

 Process for screening areas for stormwater capture projects or green infrastructure



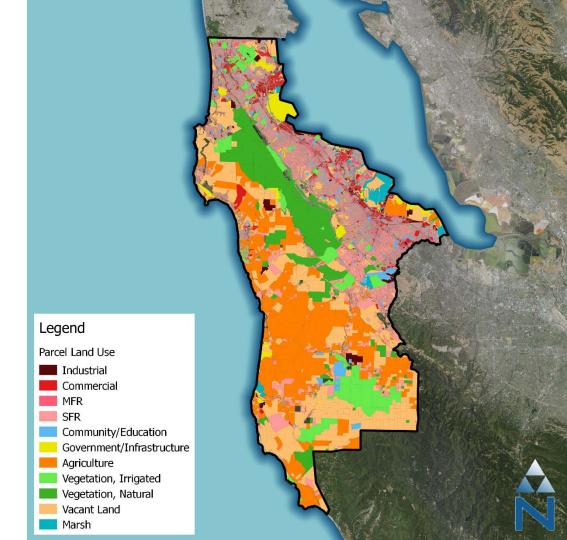
- Overlay pubic parcels and rights-of-way with prioritized subwatersheds
- Develop criteria for quantifying/ranking multi-benefits
- · Rank projects within each municipal jurisdiction



## Physical Characteristics

#### Parcel land use

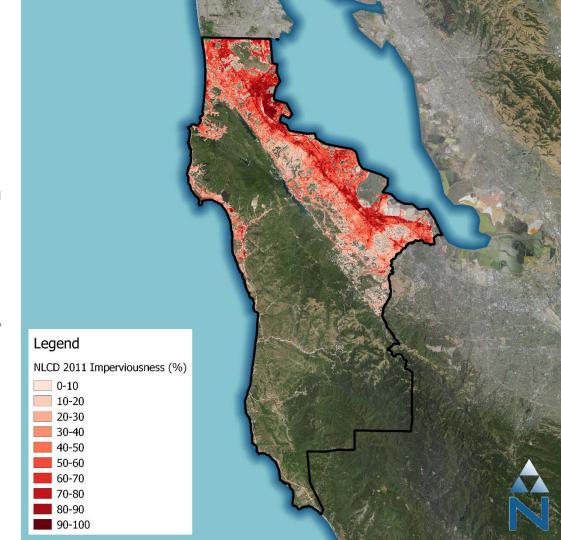
- screen public parcels
- prioritize land uses suitable for each project type



# Physical Characteristics

#### Impervious area

- high impervious area is correlated to large runoff potential
- Priority given to sites with high imperviousness



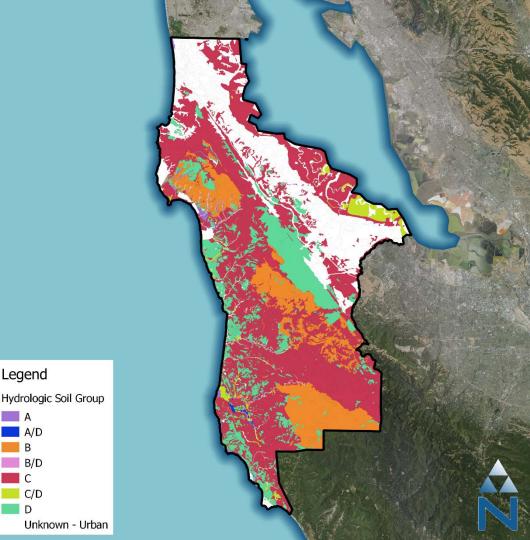
#### **Physical Characteristics**

#### **Hydrologic Soil Group**

- grouped based on drainage characteristics of soils
- **Group A** represents well-drained soils

Legend

**Group D** represents poorly-drained soils.



# Physical Characteristics

#### **Slope**

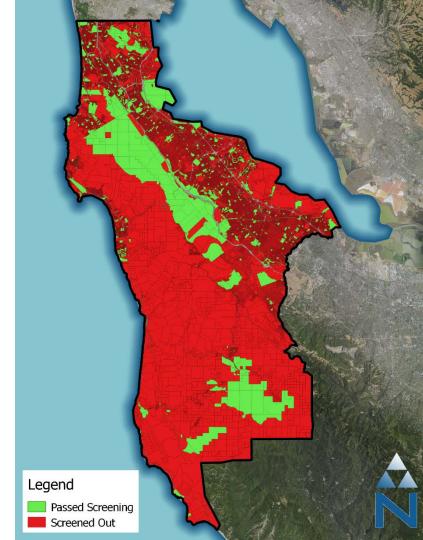
- mild slopes are more feasible for stormwater capture
- steep slopes present difficulties with implementation and performance

Legend
Slope (%)



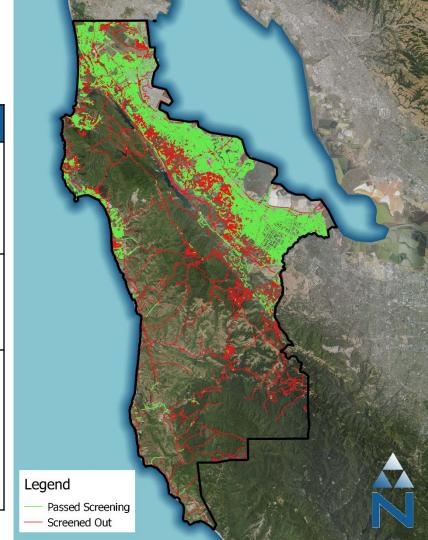
# Screening of Sites for Onsite LID/Regional Projects

Screening Factor	Parcel Characteristic	Criteria	Reason
	Ownership	City, County or Town	Identify all public parcels for
Public Parcels	Land Use	Park, School, Other (e.g., Golf Course)	regional storm and dry weather runoff capture projects or onsite LID retrofits
	Parcel Size	>0.25 acres	Adequate space for regional stormwater and dry weather runoff capture project
Suitability		All	Opportunity for onsite green infrastructure retrofit
	Site Slope	< 10 %	Steeper grades present additional design challenges



# **Green Street Screening**

Screening Factor	Street Section Characteristic	Criteria	Reason
Selection	Functional Class	S1400 S1730 S1780	Local neighborhood road, rural road, city street, alley, parking lot roads
	Ownership	Private	Potential projects are focused on public and right-of-way opportunities
Suitability	Road Slope	< 5%	Steep grades present additional design challenges; reduce capture opportunity due to increased runoff velocity



#### **Regional Projects Matrix**

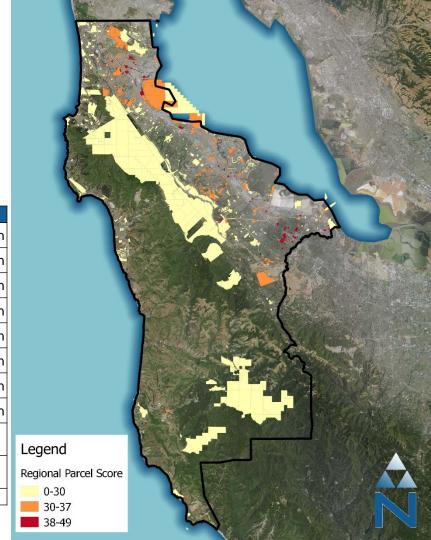
				Points			Weight
	0	1	2	3	4	5	Factor
Parcel Land Use			Schools/Golf Courses	Public Buildings	Parking Lot	Park / Open Space	
Impervious Area	X < 40	40 ≤ X < 50	50 ≤ X < 60	60 ≤ X < 70	60 ≤ X < 80	80 ≤ X < 100	
Parcel Size (acres)	0.25 ≤ X < 0.5	0.5 ≤ X < 1	1 ≤ X < 2	2 ≤ X < 3	3 ≤ X < 4	4 ≤ X	
Hydrologic Soil Group		D	Unknown	С	В	A	
Slope (%)	5 < X ≤ 10	4 < X ≤ 5	3 < X ≤ 4	2 < X ≤ 3	1 < X ≤ 2	0 < X ≤ 1	
Proximity to Flood-prone Channels (miles)	Not in sub- basin	3 < X		1 < X ≤ 3		X ≤ 1	2
Contains PCB Risk Areas	None	Potential High Interest		High Interest			
Currently planned by City or co-located with other City project	No					Yes	2
Drains to TMDL waters	No					Yes	
Above groundwater aquifer	No		Yes				
Augments water supply	No	Yes					
Water quality source control	No	Yes					
Reestablishes natural hydrology	No	Yes					
Creates or enhances habitat	No	Yes					
Community enhancement	No	Yes					

#### **Regional Projects**

Total # of Screened Parcels: 1,841

Low score: 1,091 Medium score: 670

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Rank	Score	Jurisdiction	APN	Co-located Project
1	49	Menlo Park	071102400	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
2	49	Menlo Park	071281160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
3	49	Menlo Park	071285160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
4	48	Menlo Park	071283140	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
5	48	Menlo Park	071094180	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
6	48	Menlo Park	071284100	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
7	48	Menlo Park	071092290	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
8	46	Menlo Park	071273160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
9	45	South San Francisco	015180180	
10	45	South San Francisco	015180170	

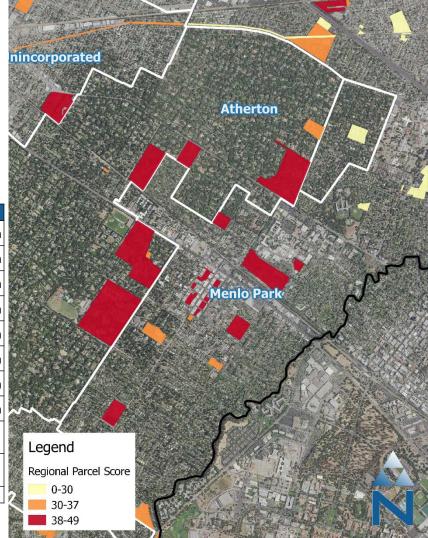


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### **LID Projects Matrix**

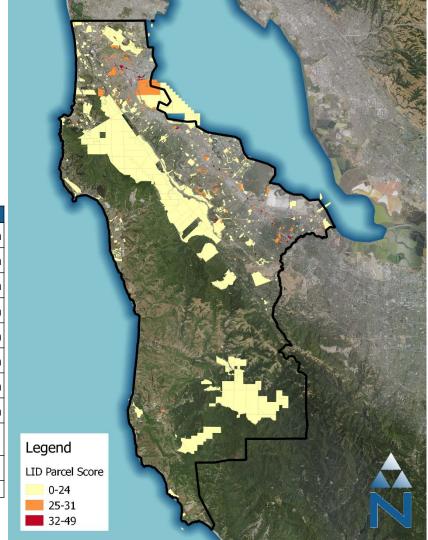
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Parcel Land Use			Schools/Golf Courses	Park / Open Space	Parking Lot	Public Buildings	
Impervious Area	X < 40	40 ≤ X < 50	50 ≤ X < 60	60 ≤ X < 70	60 ≤ X < 80	80 ≤ X < 100	
Hydrologic Soil Group		D	Unknown	С	В	А	
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Contains PCB Risk Areas	None	Potential High Interest		High Interest			
Currently planned by City or co-located with other City project	No					Yes	2
Drains to TMDL waters	No					Yes	
Above groundwater aquifer	No		Yes				
Augments water supply	No	Yes					
Water quality source control	No	Yes					
Reestablishes natural hydrology	No	Yes					
Creates or enhances habitat	No	Yes					
Community enhancement	No	Yes					

#### **LID Projects**

Total # of Screened Parcels: 2,688

Low score: 1,888 Medium score: 738

9	300.	c. <b>c_</b>		
Rank	Score	Jurisdiction	APN	Co-located Project
1	47	Menlo Park	71283140	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
2	47	Menlo Park	71273160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
3	47	Menlo Park	71102400	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
4	47	Menlo Park	71284100	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
5	47	Menlo Park	71281160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
6	47	Menlo Park	71285160	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
7	46	Menlo Park	71094180	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
8	46	Menlo Park	71092290	Parking Plaza 7 Renovation
9	39	South San Francisco	15135210	
10	38	San Bruno	14283070	

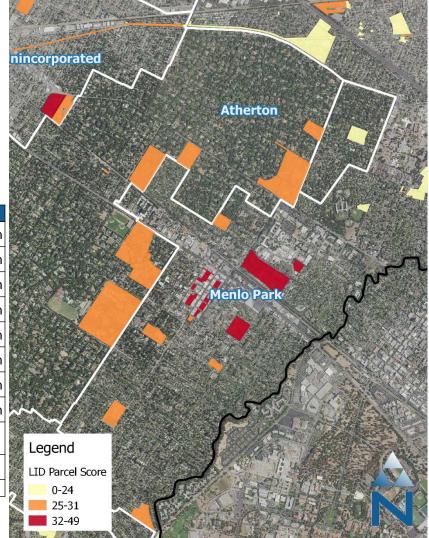


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#### **Green Streets Matrix**

				Points			Weight
	0	1	2	3	4	5	Factor
Street Type	Highway		Arterial	Collector	Alley	Local	
Imperviousness (%)	X < 40	40 ≤ X < 50	50 ≤ X < 60	60 ≤ X < 70	60 ≤ X < 80	80 ≤ X < 100	
Hydrologic Soil Group	-	D	Unknown	С	В	Α	
Slope (%)		4 < X ≤ 5	3 < X ≤ 4	2 < X ≤ 3	1 < X ≤ 2	0 < X ≤ 1	
Proximity to Flood- prone Channels (miles)	Not in sub- basin	3 < X		1 < X ≤ 3		X ≤ 1	2
Contains PCB Risk Areas	None	Potential High Interest		High Interest			
Currently planned by City or co-located with other City project	No					Yes	2
"Safe Routes to School" program	No					Yes	2
Drains to TMDL waters	No					Yes	
Above groundwater aquifer	No		Yes				
Augments water supply	No	Yes					
Water quality source control	No	Yes					
Reestablishes natural hydrology	No	Yes					
Creates or enhances habitat	No	Yes					
Community enhancement	No	Yes					

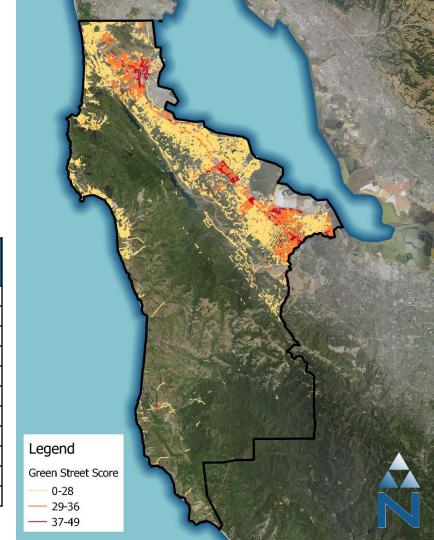
#### **Green Streets**

Total # of Screened ROW segments: 16,366

Median Segment Length: 320 ft

Low score: 11,086 Medium score: 4,547

Rank	Score	Street Name	TIGER Census Roads ID (STNA_ID)	Length (ft)
1	49	Airport Blvd	322632	374
2	49	Santa Cruz Ave	1717	225
3	48	Grand Ave	269532	235
4	48	Airport Blvd	322632	370
5	48	Chestnut St	284618	145
6	47	Alma St	235064	798
7	47	E Grand Ave	327309	228
8	47	Meadow Ct	3011441	135
9	47	San Miguel Way	3010534	303
10	47	San Miguel Way	3010534	419



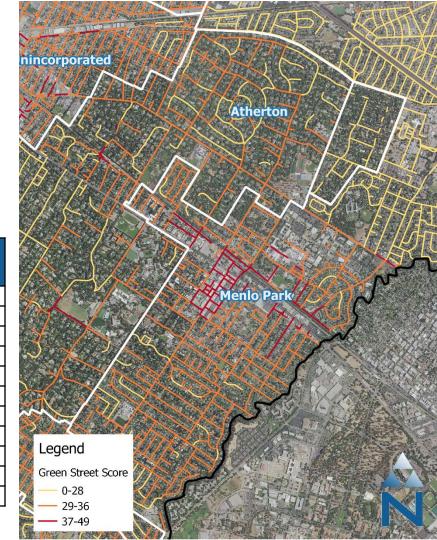
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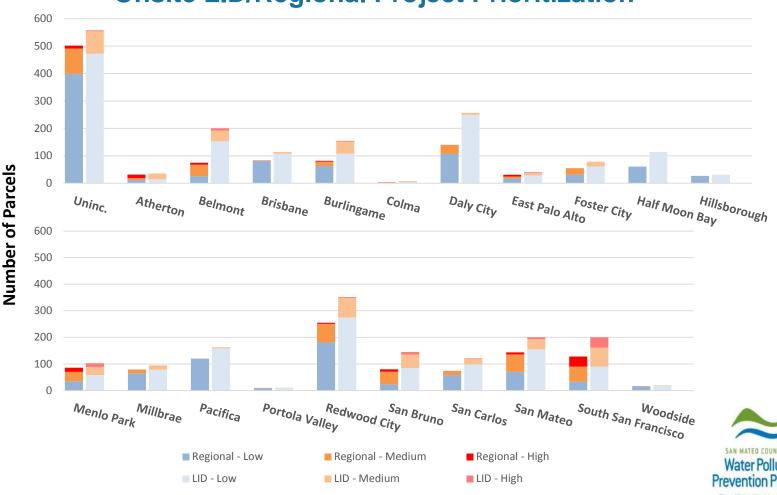
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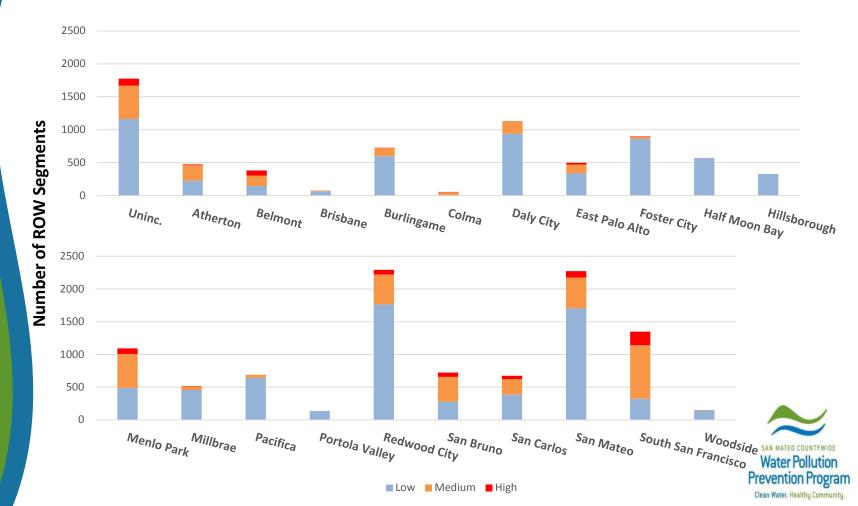


#### **Onsite LID/Regional Project Prioritization**





#### **Green Street Prioritization**



## **Concept Reports**

Guidance sought from the Committee on:

- Selection of projects for development of concepts
- Number and detail of concepts needed to support grant applications



# **Example Concept Report Templates**Simple





	West Translation 1997	l
BMP Characteristics		ĺ
BMP Type	Subsurface Infiltration Chamber	
BMP Footprint (acres)	6	
Design Volume (ac-ft)	46.7	
Required BMP Height (ft)	8	
Total Cost	\$46,091,014.00	

SUBSURFACE INFILTE	ATION (WITH PUMPING)	
	PROPOSED UNDERGROUND— INFILTRATION GALLERY	1
WEIR DIVERSION TO THE STORM DRAIN		
(DOUBLE RCB)  NOT TO SCALE	PUMP STRUCTURE  NOTE: PUMPING MAY NOT BE NECESSARY, SUBJECT TO GEOTECHNICAL INVESTI	IGATIO



Land Owner	City of Carson
Street Address	23800 Figueroa St, Carson, CA 90745
Latitude/Longitude	33° 48′ 32.2″ N / 118° 17′ 5.1″ W
Assessor's Identification Number (AIN)	7330007905,7330007906
Capture Area (acres)	1,118
Impervious Area (%)	69
Dominant Land Use	Residential
Receiving Water	Wilmington Drain / Machado Lake

Carriage Crest Park was identified as a high opportunity site for a regional stormwater capture project. The site is owned by the City of Carson. The City intends to acquire or lease a portion of the neighboring parcel, location of the Color Spot Nurseries, to expand the park. A preliminary sizing analysis concluded the park expansion would provide adequate space for a structural BMP capable of treating the 85th percentile, 24-hour runoff event from a total of 1,118 acres. This configuration would maximize the urban area that benefits from the BMP and would also promote collaboration with neighboring jurisdictions.

The proposed project consists of an offline infiltration chamber below the ballfield of Carriage Crest Park and extended into the adjacent parcel. Stormwater would be diverted from the existing double box drain under South Figueroa Street to treat the design runoff volume. A diversion structure will be required to convey runoff from the box drain to the proposed structure. The invert of the existing storm drain is approximately 9 feet below ground surface and pumping may be required to lift the water to the BMP. If a geotechnical investigation finds that groundwater levels are sufficiently low in this area, then pumping may not be required and stormwater could be directed to the structure via gravity flow.



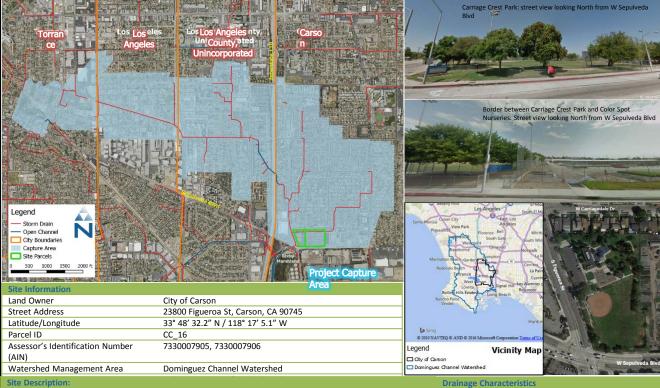




#### **Example Concept Report Templates**

#### **Detailed**





Carriage Crest Park was identified as a high opportunity site for a regional stormwater capture project due to its proximity to two large storm drains (and thus large treatment area) and potential for multi-jurisdictional partnership. The park is owned and operated by the City of Carson. The City intends to acquire or lease a portion of the neighboring parcel, location of the Color Spot Nurseries, to expand the park. A preliminary sizing analysis concluded the park expansion would provide adequate space for a structural BMP capable of treating the 85th percentile, 24-hour runoff event from the project capture area, a total of 1,118 acres. The project would intercept runoff that is typically received by Wilmington Drain and Machado Lake. This configuration would maximize the urban area that benefits from the BMP and would also promote collaboration with neighboring jurisdictions (Unincorporated Los Angeles County and the cities of Los Angeles and Torrance).

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	Diamage emanatement	
О	Capture Area (acres)	1,118
t	Impervious Area (%)	69
	Dominant Land Use	Residential

	captare / ii ca by sarioaiction				
	Jurisdiction	Torrance	Los Angeles	LA County	Carson
	Area (acres)	133	175	339	471
	% Area	12%	16%	30%	42%





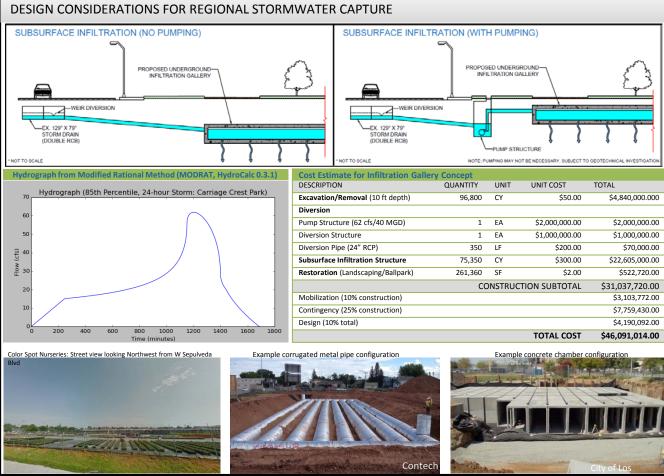


#### DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS FOR REGIONAL STORMWATER CAPTURE **BMP Concept Description:** The proposed concept for the Carriage Crest regional BMP consists of an offline infiltration gallery below the ballfield of Carriage Crest Park and extended into the adjacent parcel. The gallery would have a storage volume of 46.7 acre-feet and be constructed as either a concrete chamber or series of pipes. Stormwater would be diverted from the existing double 129" x 79" concrete box drain under South Figueroa Street to treat the 85th percentile, 24-hour runoff volume. A AIN: 7330007906 diversion structure will be required to convey runoff from the box drain to the proposed BMP. The diversion will be sized to accommodate the peak flow rate of 62 cubic feet per second. The invert of the existing storm drain is approximately 9 feet below ground surface and pumping may be required to lift the water to the BMP. If a geotechnical investigation 8' DEEP CONCRETE CHAMBER finds that groundwater levels are sufficiently low in ROWS OF 120" PERFORATED PIPE this area, then pumping may not be required and stormwater could be directed to the BMP via gravity flow. With pumping, excavation would only be necessary down to 10 feet below ground level. If gravity flow is used, excavation would be required EX. 129" x 79" STORM DRAIN (DOUBLE RCB) down to 19 feet below the surface. DISCLAIMER: All elements of this conceptual design are planning-level, based on desktop analysis. All assumptions and design parameters must be re-evaluated during the detailed design process. PROPOSED PUMP STRUCTUR Considerations: W SEPULVEDA BLVD Flood control, Existing ball groundwater diamond, tree removal/ relocation, recharge, pollutant load reductions, park existing utilities enhancements **Design Criteria BMP Characteristics** 85th percentile, 24 hour storm event **BMP Type** Underground Infiltration Gallery Sizing Criteria 85th percentile, 24-hr precipitation (in) 0.89 BMP Footprint (acres) 6 Infiltration Rate (in/hr) 0.58 Design Volume (ac-ft)2 46.7 85th percentile, 24-hr runoff volume (ac-ft)1 53.7 Required BMP Height (ft) 8 (concrete chamber) / 10 (pipe) Depth of Excavation (ft) 19 (no pumping) / 10 (with pumping) Volume infiltrated during 24-hr storm (ac-ft) Peak Discharge, 85th percentile 24-hr storm (cfs) **Diversion Structure** Required Pump Structure Subject to geotechnical investigation 1. Runoff volume was estimated using HydroCalc 0.3.1. which uses the Modified Rational Method (MODRAT) developed by LA County. Due to the large drainage area, a detailed subwatershed analysis should be used during 2. Design volume takes into account the 85th percentile, 24-hour runoff volume and infiltration













## **Next Steps**

- Receive input from C/CAG members on projects selected for concept development
- Continue development of stormwater capture model
- Prepare project concepts

