

Update on the San Mateo County Reasonable Assurance Analysis

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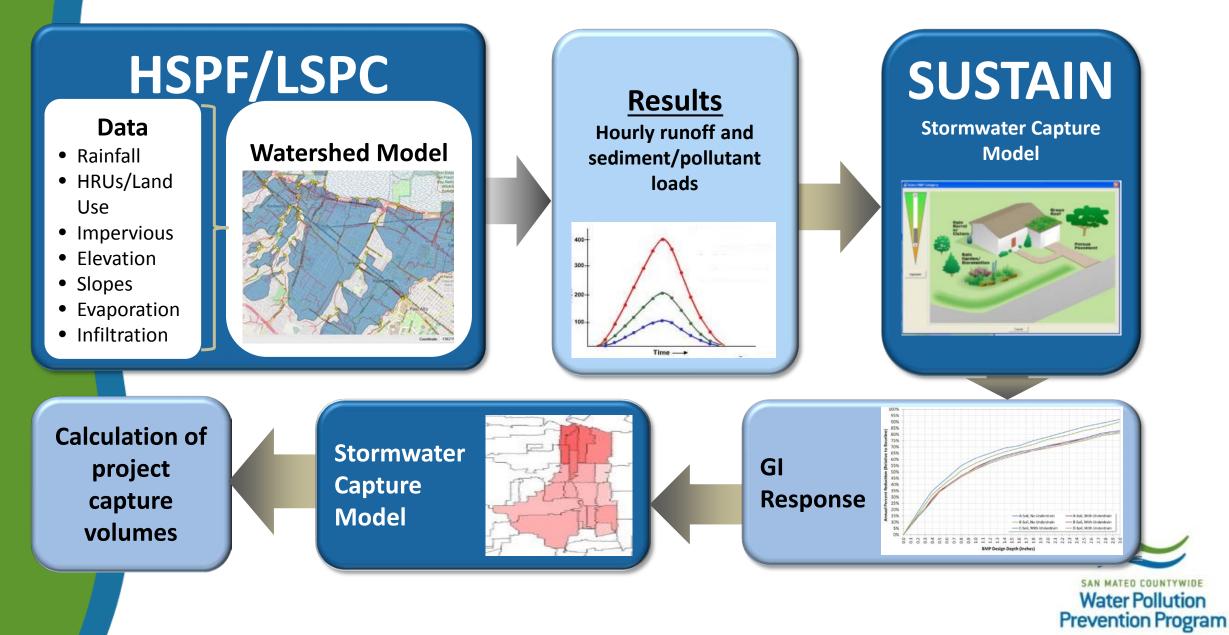


June 15, 2017



Note: Results are preliminary/draft and should not be quoted or cited.

Reasonable Assurance Analysis (RAA)



RAA Guidance

Developing Reasonable Assurance: A Guide to Performing Model-Based Analysis to Support Municipal Stormwater Program Planning





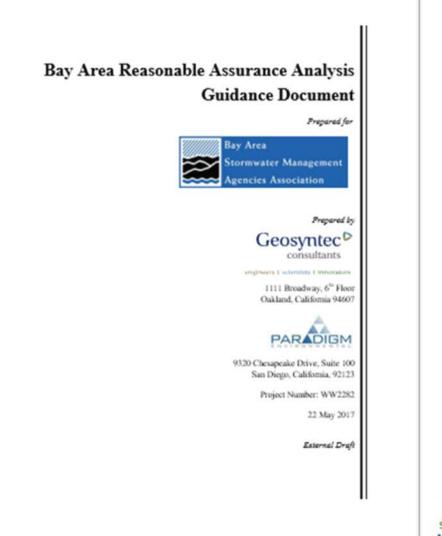
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SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE Water Pollution Prevention Program

Identifying the Area of Analysis

- MRP addresses areas that discharge stormwater runoff from storm drains and watercourses within their jurisdictions.
- Areas that can be excluded from the model:
 - Non-urban land areas, including non-urban areas upstream from dams
- Areas to be considered in model but not subject to control measures:
 - Areas that are hydrologically connected to regulated areas that may not be subject to the TMDL and/or the MRP



Selecting or Calculating the Baseline Pollutant Loading

Three options:

- 1. Utilize the baseline loading presented in the TMDL Staff Reports (SFBRWQCB, 2006; SFBRWQCB, 2008).
- 2. Utilize the baseline loading produced by the RWSM output for the San Francisco Bay Area MRP region.
- 3. Recalculate the baseline loading using a calibrated model of the baseline period for the area of analysis



Selecting or Calculating the Baseline Pollutant Loading

- Baseline period for both PCBs and mercury analyses
 - Water years 2000 2009 (for long-term continuous simulation)
 - Water year 2002 (for representative year simulation)



Estimated PCB Runoff Concentrations

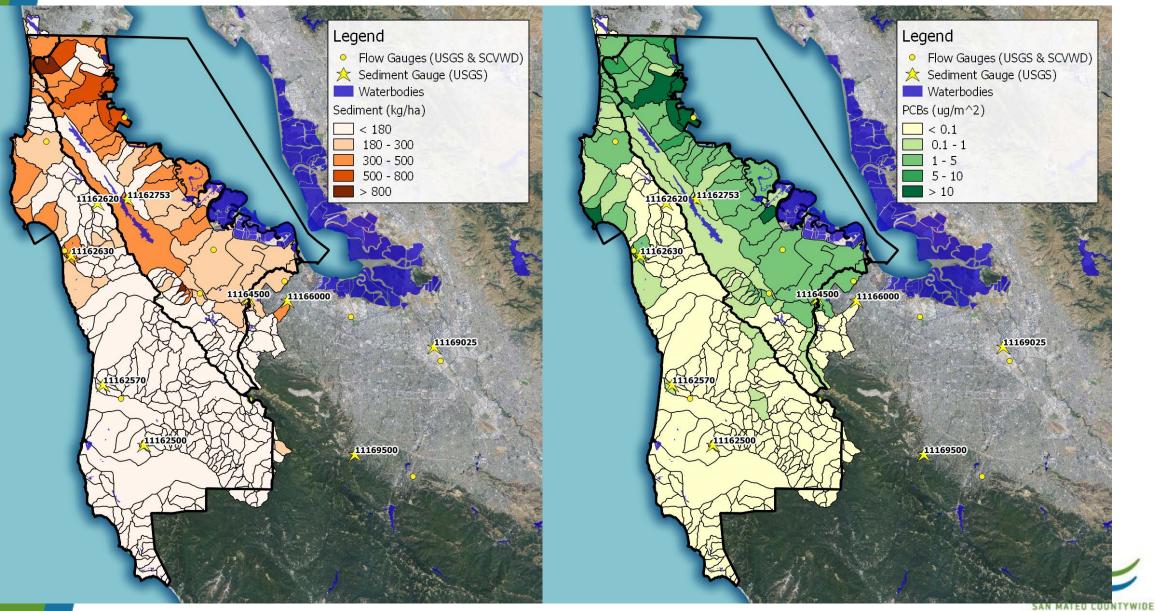
Urban	Interest	Area	Runoff Conc. (µg/L)		
	Sub-Category	(ha)	Low	Medium	High
No	Ag/Open	15,055	0.25	0.25	1.5
	New Industrial	1,480	0.25	0.25	1.5
	New Urban	4,107	0.25	0.25	1.5
Yes	Old Industrial	937	60	128	150
res	Old Residential	13,460	2	7	12
	Old Urban	9,645	12	30	60
	Source Areas	646	150	222	300
Subtotal:		45,332			

Estimated Ranges from RWSM (Preliminary)



Sediment (at Source)

Total PCBs (Delivered to Mouth)



Average Annual Model Results: 10/1/2001 – 9/30/2002

Water Pollution Prevention Program

Identifying the Stormwater Improvement Goals

- Load Reduction = Baseline Load Wasteload Allocation
- GI portion of Load Reduction

Pollutant	Reduction by 2040 (kg/year)	Percent of Reduction	
PCBs	3	20.8%	
Mercury	10	16.1%	



1	2	3	4	5 = 3 x 4	6 = 2 - 5	7 = 6 / 2
Source	Existing PCB Load (kg/year)	Annual Sediment Load (t/year)	Target Sediment Concentration (μg/kg)	PCB Wasteload Allocation (kg/year)	PCB Load Reduction (kg/year)	Percent Reduction
Bay-wide WLA	20	2,000,000	1	2	18	90.0%
SMC portion of WLA				0.2		

Reported in the TMDL/MRP



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Source	Existing PCB Load (kg/year)	Annual Sediment Load (t/year)	Target Sediment Concentration (μg/kg)	PCB Wasteload Allocation (kg/year)	PCB Load Reduction (kg/year)	Percent Reduction
Bay-wide WLA	20	2,000,000	1	2	18	90.0%
SMC portion of WLA	2	200,000	1	0.2	1.8	90.0%

Reported in the TMDL/MRP



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Bay-wide WLA	20	2,000,000	1	2	18	90.0%
SMC portion of WLA	2	200,000	1	0.2	1.8	90.0%
SMC loads based on RAA	1.2	10,000	n/a	0.2	1	83.3%
	Based on Modeled Sediment Based on SFEI RWSM					

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Source	Existing PCB Load (kg/year)	Annual Sediment Load (t/year)	Target Sediment Concentration (μg/kg)	PCB Wasteload Allocation (kg/year)	PCB Load Reduction (kg/year)	Percent Reduction
SMC loads based on RAA	1.2	10,000	n/a	0.2	1	83.3%
Load Reduction Achieved Through GI (20.8%)					0.208	17.3%



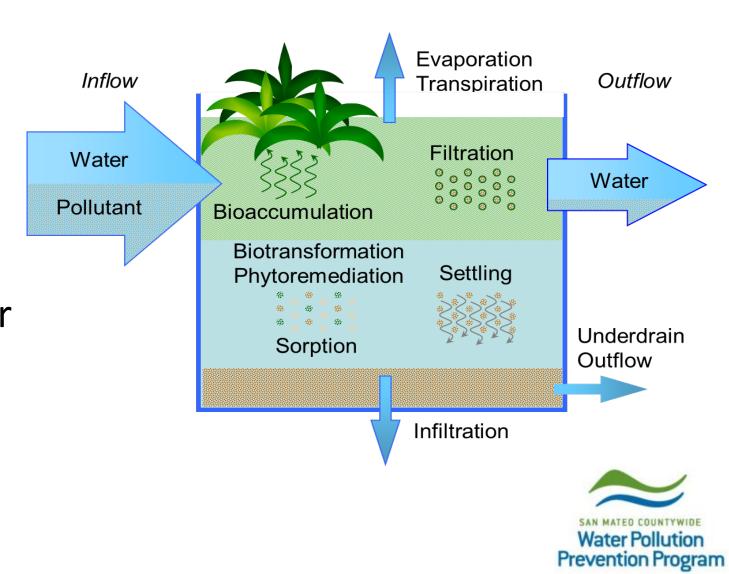
Based on SFEI RWSM



Green Infrastructure Modeling - SUSTAIN

- Process simulation
- Modeling

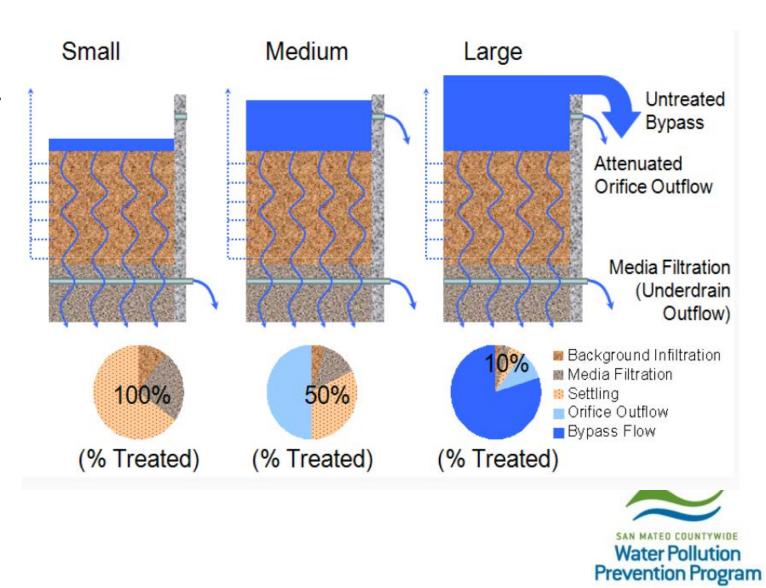
 assumptions
 documented and
 made available for
 review in
 memorandum



Green Infrastructure Modeling - SUSTAIN

Simulates

 effectiveness of
 GI during
 varying storm
 sizes and
 conditions



LID for New/Redevelopment (C.3)

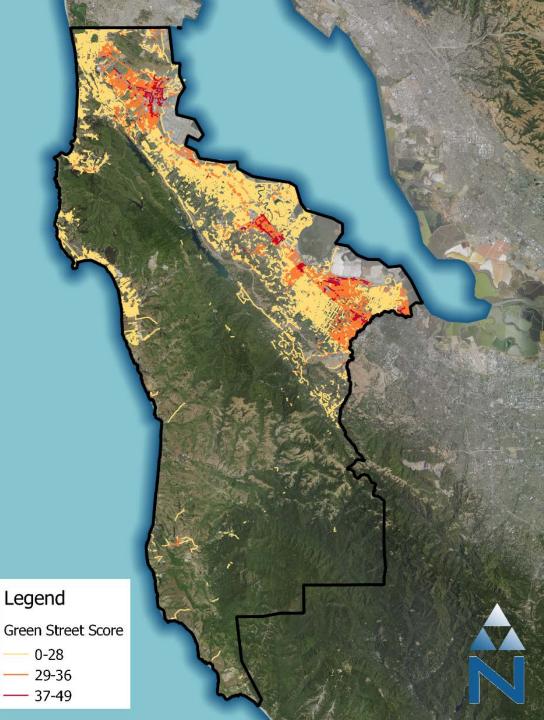
Single- Family (acres)	Multi-Family Residential (acres)	Employer [*] (acres)	Total (acres)
164.4	476.6	973.9	1,614.9

* Represents an aggregate of retail, service/office, manufacturing, warehousing, and industrial land uses



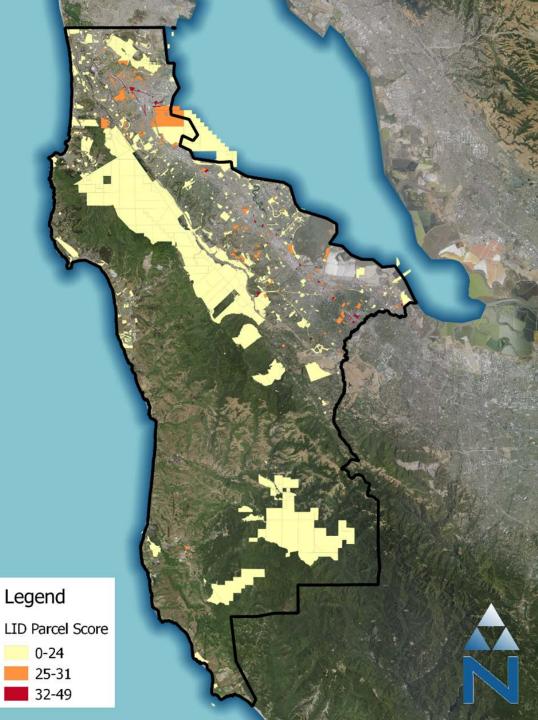
Green Street Opportunities

Available from SRP



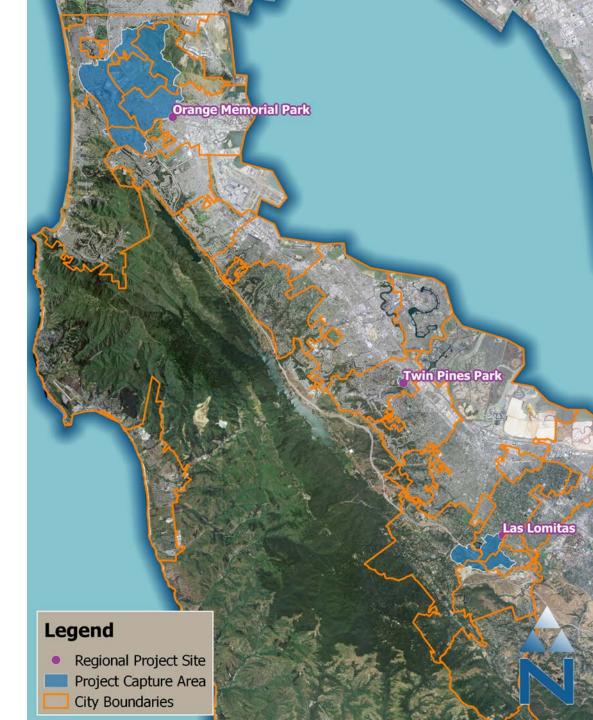
LID Retrofit Opportunities

Public parcels

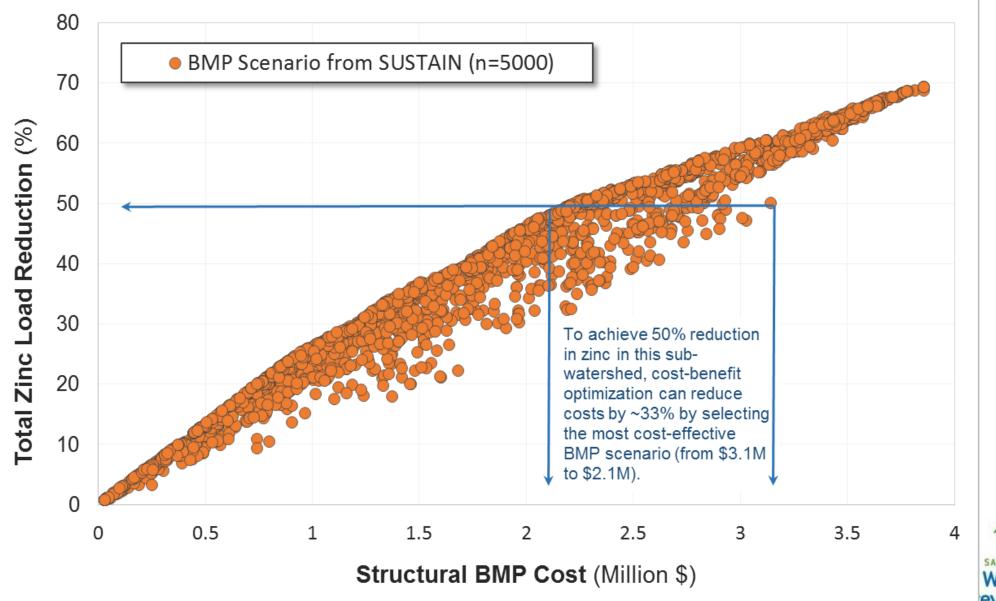


Regional Project Opportunities

- Concepts developed for SRP:
 - Orange Memorial Park
 - Twin Pines Park
- Atherton prepared concept for Las Lomitas Elementary School



Cost-Effectiveness Curve (Optimization)



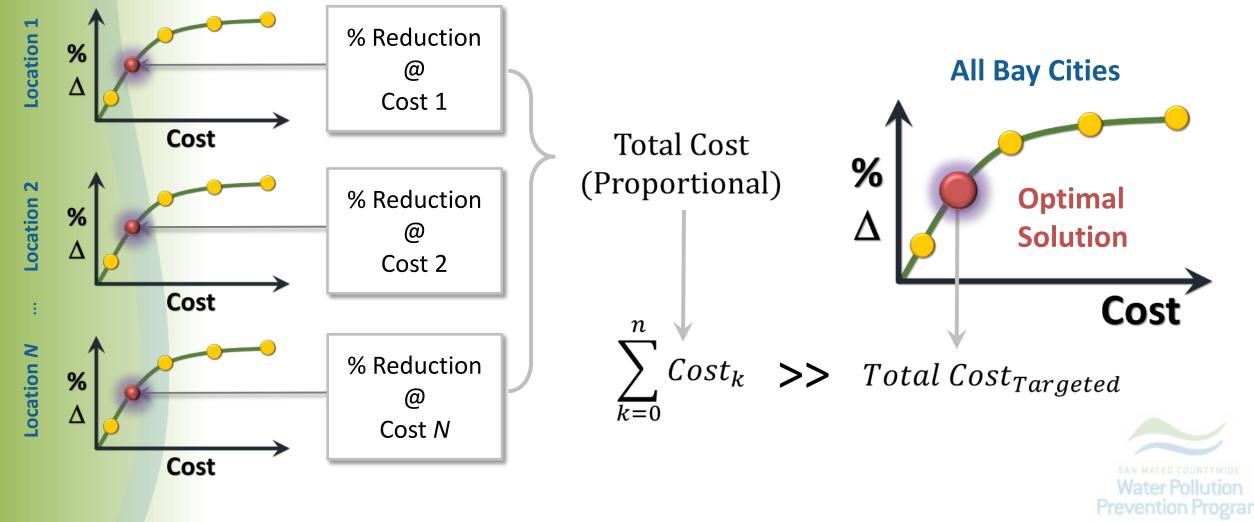
SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE Water Pollution revention Program

Proportional

Each location is responsible for <u>individually</u> achieving the target load reduction

Targeted

Optimization approach reduces total implementation cost by targeting specific source areas <u>across</u> **locational** boundaries



South San Francisco Example

- Proportional Approach
 - Each location achieves the same proportion of maximum available opportunity
- Targeted Optimization
 - Target locations that are most cost-effective for meeting management goals

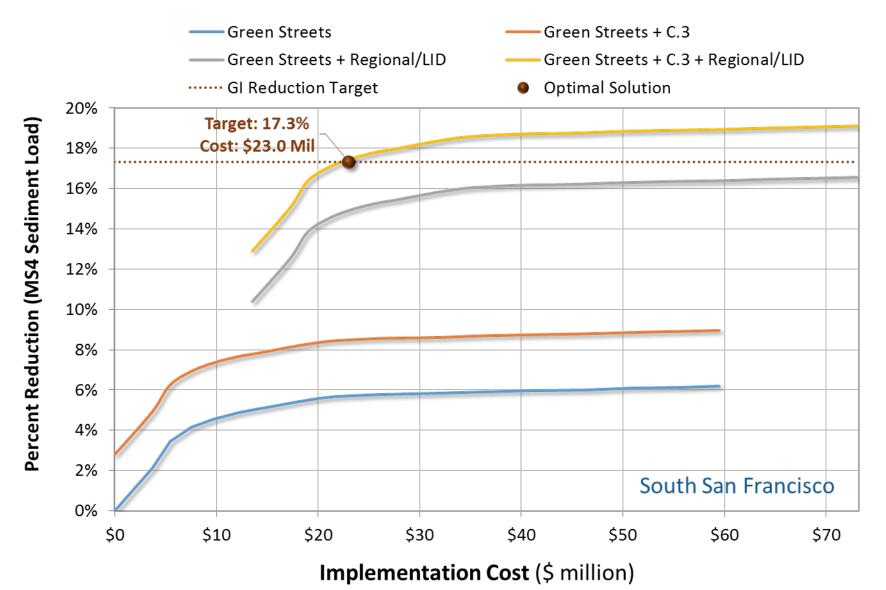


Modeled GI Scenarios

- Green Streets (GS)
 - Screened opportunity (from SRP)
- GS + C.3
 - Screened GS + new/redevelopment LID
- GS + LID/Regional Projects
 - Screened GS + identified regional concepts or LID on public parcels
- GS + C.3 + LID/Regional Projects
 - ALL OF THE ABOVE

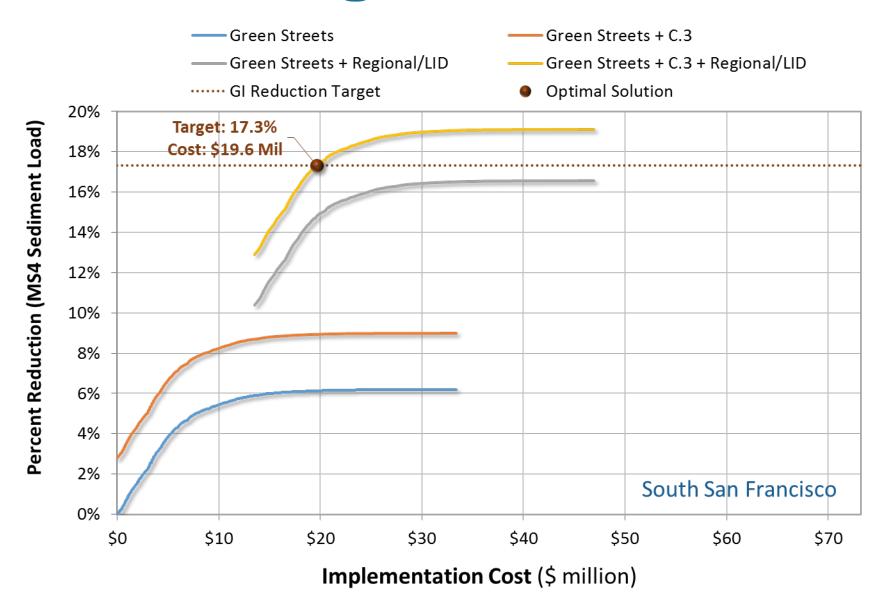


Proportional Solution





Targeted Solution





Targeted vs. Proportional

