## **ITEM 1 – PUBLIC COMMENT**



# Item 2 – Issues from C/CAG Meetings

#### Two new Committee Members

- Peter Brown, Public Works Director, Belmont
- Andrew Yang, Senior Engineer, Millbrae



# Item 3 – Approval of Minutes

- Two meeting minutes need approval:
  - September 19, 2019
  - November 21, 2019



## **Item 4 - Announcements**

- Website
- Funding opportunities
- BASMAA update
- Report of Waste Discharge
- Regional Projects Update
- Other



# **Funding Opportunities**

- US EPA Water Quality Improvement Fund
  - Due May 13, \$5.9M, 1:1 non-fed match
- CA Natural Resources Agency
  - Urban Flood Protection Grant Program — On-hold, \$87.5M in two cycles
  - Urban Greening Grant Program — On-hold, \$28.5M



## **Item 4 - Announcements**

- Website
- Funding opportunities
- BASMAA update
- Report of Waste Discharge
- Regional Projects Update
- Other



# Item 5 – Mercury/PCBs Control Measures Plan



# Mercury and PCBs Control Measures Plan

- Prepare plan to reach mercury and PCBs TMDL allocations by 2028 and 2030, respectively, that identifies
  - all "technically and economically feasible" controls
  - implementation schedule
  - costs
- Due September 2020



# **General Approach**

- 1. Based on the RAA baseline pollutant loads, summarize PCBs/mercury load reductions needed to attain TMDL wasteload allocations by 2030/2028
- 2. Determine existing level of PCBs/mercury controls (including all source controls and GI), costs, and associated current estimated level of pollutant load reduction
- Project estimated additional load reduction by 2028/2030 that could reasonably be achieved via all source controls



# **General Approach (cont.)**

- Project estimated additional load reduction by 2028/2030 from GI based upon level of effort consistent with RAA
- 5. If PCBs wasteload allocation not met by 2030, close the gap with additional controls most likely more GI
- 6. Estimate extent and costs of additional controls to fill gap (adapt GI modeling results from RAA)
- Evaluate control measures scenarios and select optimal scenario for meeting the TMDL allocations by 2030/2028



## **Outcomes**

- Potentially request extended PCBs TMDL time frame to make more economically feasible
  - Permittees must first demonstrate that all technically and economically feasible PCBs/mercury controls will be implemented within the original timeline
- As needed, integrate this planning with ongoing efforts by C/CAG to assist municipalities obtain funding for GI
  - Support applications for state or federal grant funds
  - Potentially work with new Flood and Sea Level Rise Resiliency District to develop a GI investment plan



## Schedule

- Jun: Submit an initial draft plan to C/CAG staff for review
- Jul:
  - Presentation to SW Committee
  - Distribute second draft to SM County Permittees for review
- Aug:
  - Workshop for Permittees and/or follow-up presentation to SW Committee (if needed)
  - Distribute third draft
- Sep: Address any remaining comments and submit final plan



## Item 6 – MRP 3.0 Reissuance



# Agenda Item V Identification of Remaining Contentious Issues

MRP 3.0 STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 2020

# MRP 3.0 C3/GI Workgroup Provision C.3 and Green Infrastructure Remaining Contentious Issues

MRP 3.0 STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 2020

# Areas Lacking Agreement

- Regulated project thresholds and exemptions for single family homes and roads
- Special Projects provisions
- GI implementation goals/targets

# Regulated Project Thresholds/Exemptions

- WB staff plan to lower regulated project definition to 5,000 sq. ft. of impervious surface created/replaced for all project types, including single family (SF) homes
- BASMAA position:
  - Oppose lower threshold due to increased effort for small benefit; removes flexibility for permittees to regulate locally if part of GI Plan
  - Adding SF homes greatly increases burden on permittees to review, track, and inspect. Benefit is unclear. Best addressed under Provision C.3.i.
- Compromise may be to strengthen language in Prov. C.3.i.

# Regulated Project Thresholds/Exemptions

- WB staff considering clarification and revisions to road requirements, including removal of exemptions for road reconstruction
- BASMAA position:
  - Oppose removal of exemptions for road reconstruction
  - GI Plans identify and prioritize best locations for green streets
  - Utilities in ROW are a major barrier to GI for many streets
  - May result in delayed road reconstruction work
  - Alternative compliance programs take time to develop and implement

# Special Projects

- WB staff plans to remove Special Projects provisions and promote use of alternative compliance to address onsite constraints
- BASMAA position:
  - Maintaining these provisions provides flexibility when working with developers of smart growth, high density, transit-oriented and housing projects and an effective tool to maximize environmental benefits
  - Alternative compliance programs take time to develop, implement, and roll out to development community
- Possible compromise is to phase out and/or to narrow the non-LID treatment allowances

# GI Implementation Goals/Targets

- How to set "required goal for greened acres to be achieved within permit term"?
  - Challenges with use of impervious surface retrofit targets from GI Plans due to inconsistent methodology, changing assumptions
- How will goal "assure sufficient progress" on PCB/Hg TMDL load reduction requirements?
  - Previous agreement not to assign specific load reduction to GI
- How will goals/targets be enforced, regionally, countywide and locally?
  - Need flexibility and scalability for different permittee characteristics

# MRP 3.0 C.10 Workgroup Trash Load Reduction Remaining Contentious Issues

MRP 3.0 STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 2020

# Reduction/Elimination of Credits/Offsets (WB staff Perspective)

### • Source Control Credits

- Only apply to new actions not accounted for to-date
- Only applied to remaining trash generation, after accounting for full capture and OVTAs (e.g., 10% of the 20% remaining)
- Cleanup/Direct Discharge Offsets
  - Enhanced cleanups and Direct Discharge combined
  - Maximum reduced from 25% to 10-15%
  - Only applied to remaining trash generation, after accounting for full capture and OVTAs (e.g., 10% of the 20% remaining)
- Discuss at future WG meeting?

### Trash controls on Private Land Areas

- Need to achieve full capture/green (WB staff perspective)
- Possible development of BMP-based approach for these areas
- BASMAA member agencies to discuss & propose
- Discuss at future WG meeting?
- Trash Reduction Goal as defined by OVTAs
  - Definition of how green is green enough (i.e., FCSE)
    - Evaluation underway
  - Frequency of OVTAs reduction over time?
  - Discuss at future WG meeting?

### Reductions via Green Infrastructure

- Evaluations underway
- Present at future WG meeting?
- Reductions via Curb Inlet Screens
  - Review draft SCVURPPP/Oakland Report
  - Discuss at future meeting?
- Maintenance Requirements for Full Capture Devices
  - Confirm no major changes proposed by WB staff
  - Discuss at future meeting?

### Receiving Water Monitoring

- Not yet discussed
- Defer to C.8 Workgroup?
- Reporting Requirements
  - Not yet discussed
  - Discuss at future meeting?

## • Homelessness

• Separate workgroup discussing water quality impacts of homelessness, uncertain what requirements might look like

## Cost Reporting

• State required to include cost reporting requirements in permits

## Item 7 – COVID-19 Notification



# Item 8 – Preliminary FY 20-21 Budget





Countywide Program Preliminary Budget FY 2020-21 Matthew Fabry, P.E. Program Manager

> San Mateo Countywide Water Pollution Prevention Program





#### SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE Water Pollution Prevention Program

Clean Water. Healthy Community. www.flowstobay.org

#### C/CAG Stormwater Committee April 16, 2020

	NPDES Fund	Measure M	Total
Est. Starting Balance	\$895,000	\$280,000	\$1,175,000
Est. Revenue*	\$1,641,000	\$840,000	\$2,481,000
Available for Expenditures	\$2,026,000	\$1,120,000	\$3,156,000
Ending Balance	\$500,000**	\$0	
Reserve Balance	\$120,000	\$120,000	

\* Does not include revenue from Caltrans grant for Sustainable Streets Master Plan

\*\* Reserved for potential countywide funding initiative



- Starting Balance \$1,175,000
- Revenue/Avail. Funds \$2,481,000
- Avail. For Expenditure \$(3,156,000)

- Ending Balance \$500,000\*
  - \* Restricted for potential funding initiative
- Reserve Balance

\$120,000



- Starting Balance
  - NPDES Fund (Property Fees) \$895,000
  - Measure M (Vehicle Fees) <u>\$280,000</u>

TOTAL: \$1,175,000

Reserve Balance

\$120,000



- Revenue/Available Funds
  - Interest Earnings
  - NPDES Fund (Property Fees)
    - -Four cities not on tax rolls
    - -Net tax roll

- \$1
- Measure M (Vehicle Fees)
  - -Administration Allocation (cost)
  - -Regional Stormwater

\$12,000

\$143,000 \$1,486,000

\$40,000

\$800,000

TOTAL: \$2,481,000



- Anticipated Expenditures
  - Administration (Exec Dir):
  - Professional Services (staff):
  - Admin Allocation (overhead):
  - Dues/Memberships:
  - Distributions (rain barrel):
  - Miscellaneous/Travel/Training:
  - Avail. For Consulting Services:

\$41,000 \$430,000 \$47,000 \$45,000 \$5,000 \$7,000 \$2,581,000

TOTAL: \$3,156,000



- Anticipated Expenditures
  - Administration (Exec Dir):
  - Professional Services (staff):
  - Admin Allocation (overhead):
  - Dues/Memberships:
  - Distributions (rain barrel):
  - Miscellaneous/Travel/Training:
  - Avail. For Consulting Services:

\$41,000 \$430,000 \$47,000 \$45,000 \$5,000 \$7,000 \$2,581,000



TOTAL: \$3,156,000

- Consulting Services
  - "Fixed" costs
    - Regional Monitoring Program \$105,000
      - Required contribution to SF Bay monitoring
    - -Annual Tax Roll Services
    - BASMAA (placeholder)
      - C/CAG share of regional compliance projects
    - Lobbyist
    - Petition/Unfunded/Contingency
- Available for Technical Support:

SAN MATEO COUNTYWIDE Water Pollution Prevention Program Clean Water. Healthy Community.

\$18,000

\$50,000

\$39,000

\$50,000

\$262,000

\$2.319 M

- Anticipated Consulting Services/Tech Support
  - EOA \$1,525,000
    - General Program Support, Subcommittee Support, Training, Annual Reporting, Water Quality Monitoring, Trash, Portions of Mercury & PCBs, MRP 3.0
  - LWA

\$100,000

-Reasonable Assurance Analysis, Modeling, MRP 3.0

• SGA/COE \$275,000

-Public Education and Outreach, Teacher Institute

TOTAL: \$1.9 Million



- Ending Balance
  - NPDES Fund (Property Fees) \$919,000
    —Restricted (Funding Initiative) (\$500,000)
  - Measure M (Vehicle Fees) <u>\$0</u>
    Total Unplanned/Unrestricted: \$419,000

Reserve Balance

\$120,000



- Considerations
  - Revenue may be reduced due to COVID-19
  - BASMAA costs uncertain
  - MRP 3.0 negotiation costs may be greater
  - Countywide funding initiative allocation discussion
  - May want to consider planning studies, grant support, modeling, etc.
  - May need higher balance at start of MRP 3.0



# Item 9 – Update on Sustainable Streets Master Plan





## San Mateo Countywide Sustainable Streets Master Plan

## **Project Update**

#### CCAG Stormwater Committee Meeting April 16, 2020

### **Presentation Overview**

- Provide an overview of the Master Plan goals
- Summarize the process and results of the project opportunity prioritization process
- Present results of climate change modeling demonstrating the benefits of sustainable streets for mitigating impacts



## Sustainable Streets

#### Complete Streets + Green Infrastructure



Sustainable Streets provide safe mobility and access for all users with the added environmental and community benefits of green infrastructure

# Sustainable Streets Master Plan



#### **Project Goals**

- Countywide Master Plan with Prioritized Projects
- Climate Change Modeling for SMC
- Conceptual Designs
- Model Sustainable Streets Policies
- High Resolution Drainage Mapping
- Web-Based Tracking Tool
- Community Engagement

# Builds Upon SRP

#### More Targeted Approach

- Identifies Opportunities where Bicycle, Pedestrian, and Streetscape Projects are currently planned
- Identifies "New" Project Opportunities in locations with synergies with SR2S, SR2T and pavement reconstruction needs
- Focuses on "good government" opportunities with more potential for cost sharing and reduction of construction impacts between GI and transportation projects

#### **Improved Data and Process Advances**

- Updated prioritization metrics and process, including climate change impacts
- Links projects to implementation mechanisms incl. funding sources and policy tools

# **SSMP** Project Prioritization Process

Identify Existing Planned and "New" Project Opportunities Apply Stormwater Technical Suitability Criteria Apply Co-Benefit Criteria Apply Additional Prioritization Criteria

- Planned Bicycle Projects
- Planned Pedestrian Projects
- Planned Major Streetscape Projects
- New Opportunities Near Schools and Transit

- Runoff Capture
  Performance
- Hydrogeological Conditions
- Site Characteristics/ Constructability
- Vulnerable and Disadvantaged Community Indicators
- Vehicle Ownership
- Vegetation Density (Canopy Coverage)
- Urban Heat Island Index
- Pavement Condition

- Stakeholder Feedback
- Geographic
  distribution



### **Existing Planned Project Opportunities**

#### **Three Project Types**

- Sustainable Street Curb Extensions
- Sustainable Street Connectivity
  Improvements
- Sustainable Streetscape Projects

#### **Two Project Tiers**

• Tier 1 projects have more potential to costeffectively incorporate GI due to extent of construction impacts



### "New" Project Opportunities

#### Goals

- Support Safe Routes to School and Transit Program objectives
- Support cost-sharing and construction impact reduction objectives by locating opportunities where pavement is in poor condition

#### **New Curb Extension Opportunities:**

- Intersections within .5m walking distance from schools or major transit stops
- Arterial or collector streets
- Poor pavement condition

#### **Prioritized Planned Projects**



#### **Prioritized New Opportunities**



# SSMP Project Development Overview

Sustainable Street
 Curb Extensions

- Sustainable Street Connectivity Improvements
- Sustainable
  Streetscape
  Redesigns
- Sustainable Street Frontage Improvements

Existing Planned
 Projects

Identify

Project

**Opportunities** 

New Project
 Opportunities

• SW Technical Suitability Criteria

Prioritize

**Projects and** 

**Build Network** 

- Co-Benefit Criteria
- ID Top Projects
- Spatial Distribution
- Regulatory Need
- Stakeholder
  Feedback

 Boundaries of Co-Located Projects

Project

Extents

and

Timing

- Co-Located
  Project Timing
- Stakeholder Feedback

- Recommend Implementation Mechanisms
  - Policy Mechanisms
  - Programmatic Mechanisms
  - Funding Sources

# **Next Steps**

- Distribute Final Project Identification and Prioritization Methodology TM
- Refine Automated Prioritization Results
  - QA/QC, ID Top Projects, Assess Spatial Distribution, High-Level Feasibility Assessment
- Distribute Project Lists to Municipal Stakeholders for Feedback
- Develop Process to Identify Projects for Concept Development
- Continue Policy Development
- Develop Final Document

# SSMP Climate Change Modeling

#### Goals

- Quantify the impact to roadway runoff due to climate change forecasts
- Investigate the ability for Sustainable Streets to offset the impacts of climate change on roadway runoff

# SSMP Climate Change Modeling

#### **Basis for Climate Change Modeling**

#### **Global Climate Models**

• 10 GCMs compiled by CalAdapt

#### **Storm Depths**

• Regional precipitation analysis for Santa Clara, Alameda, and San Mateo counties (MetStat, Santa Clara Valley WD)

#### Hydrology and Green Infrastructure Models

• Regionally calibrated models for the Countywide RAA to meet PCBs and mercury reduction requirements (C/CAG)

#### **Climate Models**

#### **Representative Concentration Pathways**

- RCP 8.5 worst case scenario
- RCP 4.5 stabilization scenario

#### **Global Climate Models**

• 10 GCMs recommended by CA's Climate Action Team for the state

Radiative forcing (W/m<sup>2</sup>)

- Created **scale values** based on modeled future to historical precipitation
- Each GCM/RCP combo has its own set of scale values



### **Precipitation Storm Depths**

1.5

2.5

- Historical storm depths: from high-resolution precipitation frequency estimates developed for SM County
- Future storm depths: multiplying calculated scale values by historical storm depths



### **Isolating Roadway Area**

- GIS analysis to identify right-of-way for secondary roads
- Assume resulting right-of-way is 100% impervious for conservativeness

	Area (acres)			
Region	Roadway Network	Impervious	Total	
Ocean	3,270	78,160	176,940	
Bayside	11,050	73,450	112,200	
County wide	14,320	151,620	289,140	

Model subwatersheds
 Roadway Network



- RAA consists of two modeling systems:
  - LSPC watershed model (countywide)
  - SUSTAIN green infrastructure performance model (bayside only)
- Climate change impact evaluated countywide (LSPC)
- GI benefit evaluated bayside only (SUSTAIN)



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	25-year storm	
Bayside		
Runoff Increase (in) 0 - 0.1 0.1 - 0.2 0.2 - 0.3 0.3 - 0.4 0.4 - 0.5 0.5 - 0.75 0.75 - 1 1 - 1.25 1 25 - 1 5		
1.5 - 2.5		mi

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  - LSPC watershed model (countywide)
  - SUSTAIN green infrastructure performance model (bayside only)
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  - SUSTAIN green infrastructure performance model (bayside only)
- Climate change impact evaluated countywide (LSPC)
- GI benefit evaluated bayside only (SUSTAIN)



#### **Green Infrastructure Modeling**

- RAA identified a cost optimal suite of GI to meet pollutant reduction requirements by 2040
- Two scenarios to "bookend" GI benefit on climate resiliency:
  - 1. All GI types for reducing total runoff
  - 2. Sustainable Streets for reducing roadway runoff
- The capacities of **Green Streets** and **Future New & Redevelopment** (i.e., frontage improvements) are used to approximate Sustainable Streets benefit

Modeled Green Infrastructure Capacity (acre-feet)								
	Existing/Planned				Other Gl			
Total Capacity	Existing Projects	Future New & Redevelopment	Regional Projects (Identified)	Green Streets	Projects (TBD)			
385.3	72.1	115.8	73.6	112.1	11.8			

#### **Benefit of Green Infrastructure on Reducing Runoff**

- GI offsets 30% of the projected increase in all runoff for the 2-yr storm
- Benefits of GI decreased with increasing storm size



#### **Benefit of Sustainable Streets on Reducing Road Runoff**

- Sustainable streets offset over 100% of the projected increase in roadway runoff for the 2-yr and 5-yr storms
- Benefits of sustainable streets decrease with increasing storm size



## Next Steps

Distribute memorandum summarizing results of climate change modeling

# Item 10 – Elect Chair and Vice Chair

