

Updates on the Bay Area Housing Finance Authority

Presentation to San Mateo City/County
Association of Governments

September 10, 2026

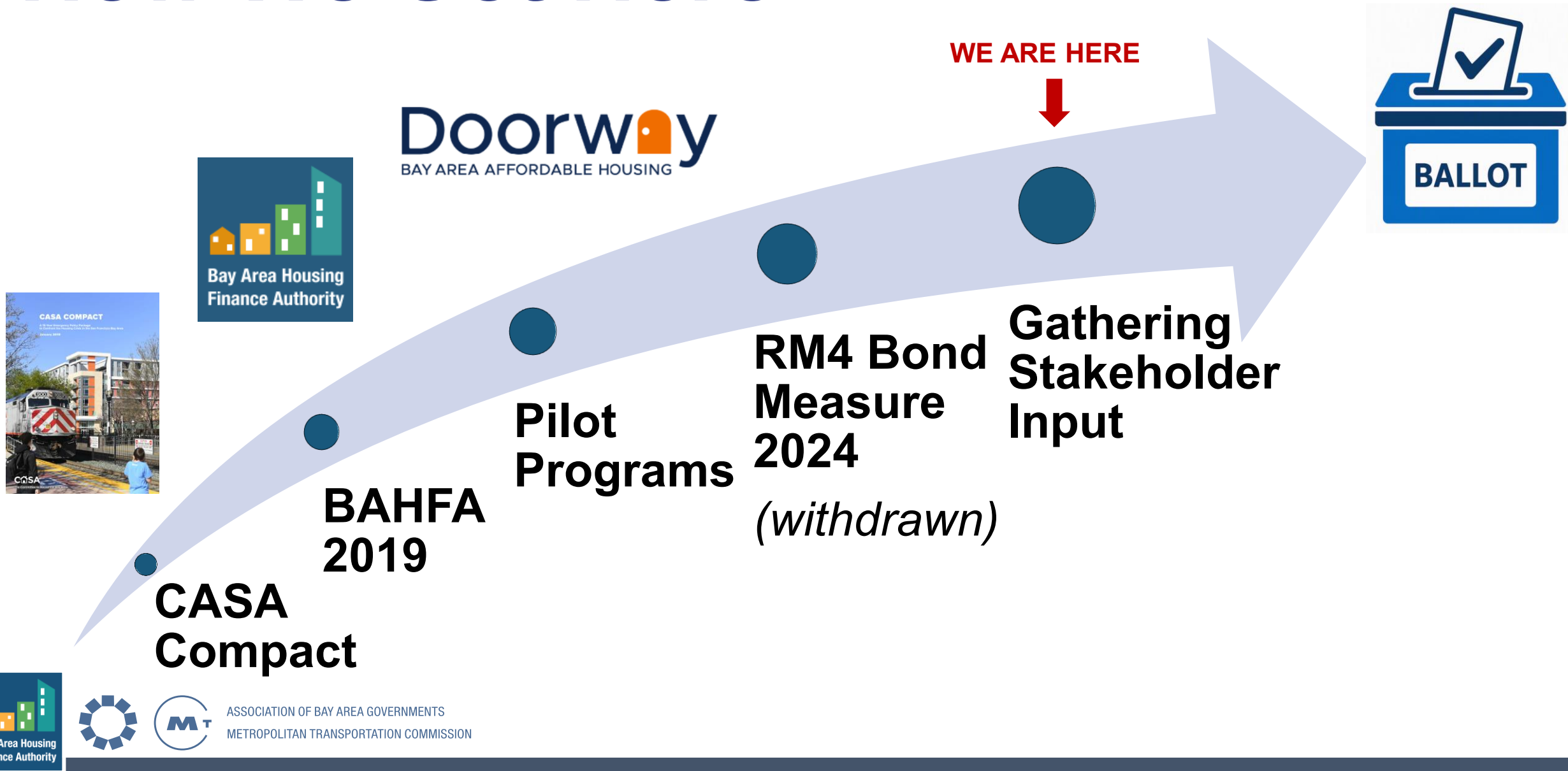


ASSOCIATION OF BAY AREA GOVERNMENTS
METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Why Are We Here?

To gather input around a Policy Framework to guide possible amendments to BAHFA's statute and a potential regional revenue measure, as early as 2028.

How We Got Here



How BAHFA Adds Value in Communities

- The loss of redevelopment agencies has led to a reduction in real estate development and housing finance capacity at the local level.
- 62% of Bay Area communities **do not directly receive** federal funding for housing.
- Most cities have extremely limited dedicated funds for affordable housing, and San Mateo County is one of the most expensive in the state.
- A regional revenue measure would bring significant funding to be programmed at the local level.

Source: Turner Center for Housing Innovation

BAHFA brings housing funds and expertise to your communities, filling the gap in state and federal funds.

BAHFA's Impact to Date

500,000+

Doorway user accounts;
over 3,200 placements

27,000+

New homes supported; direct
funding to **1,365 affordable homes**

1,000+

Homes preserved as affordable

3:1

Leverage of
\$20M state
grant

124

Seniors prevented from falling
into homelessness

BAHFA in San Mateo County

To date, BAHFA has supported the predevelopment and preservation of **2,750 homes in San Mateo County**.

A revenue measure would bring significantly more money to the county for production, preservation, tenant protections and grants to local governments.

Jurisdiction	Project/Site/Developer	Program/Type of Assistance	Funding	Total Homes
Daly City	Midway Village	Priority Sites Loans	\$2,500,000	555
Daly City	500 King Drive / BRIDGE Housing	Welfare Tax Exemption	\$5,000	195
South San Francisco	SSF PUC	Priority Sites Loans	\$2,100,000	800
South San Francisco	245 South Airport Boulevard	Priority Sites TA	\$150,000	1,200
TOTAL			\$4,755,000	2,750

Regional Revenue Measure Timeline



Phase 1: Stakeholder Engagement

Broad table to discuss outstanding policy issues to inform proposed legislative changes

BAHFA coordinates with **stakeholders**, building trust and generating buy-in

Outcome: policy framework for statutory amendments

Timing: ~March-Nov 2026

Phase 2: Legislative Changes

Implement policy framework through proposed amendments to BAHFA's enabling legislation

Joint advocacy between BAHFA and **coalition** that could emerge from stakeholder process

Outcome: amended statute

Timing: Nov 2026-Sept 2027



Phase 3: Revenue Measure

Policy development of a regional measure, guided by revised statute

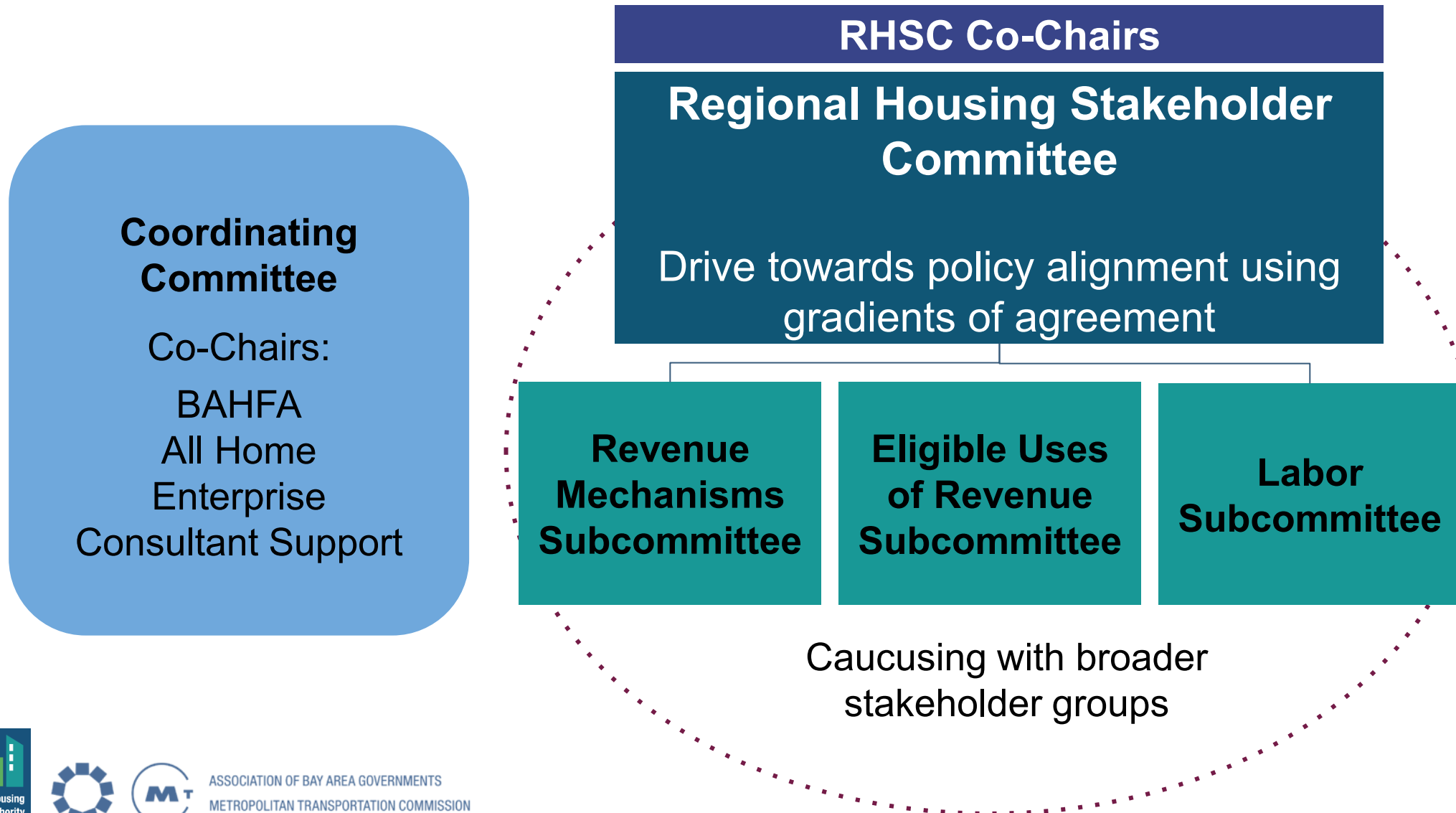
Potential for amended statute to permit placement via qualified voter initiative

If a measure proceeds, BAHFA role limited to public information; not involved in **campaign** activity

Outcome: ballot measure

Timing: Fall 2027-Nov 2028

Regional Housing Stakeholder Committee



Key Policy Issues

BAHFFA was created by a state statute that defines the types of revenue BAHFFA can raised and eligible expenses. Key issues under consideration are:

- Revenue Mechanisms
- Eligible Uses of Funds
- Labor Standards
- Revenue Distribution

Revenue Mechanism	Legislative Details	Potential Action
General Obligation Bond	Already allowed	None
Uniform Parcel Tax	Already allowed	None
Head Tax	Already allowed, with exemptions for nonprofit & religious institution employers	None
Gross Receipts Tax	Already allowed, including potential design features identified by the subcommittee: • Variable rates based on sector • Exemptions for small businesses, nonprofits, & religious institution employers	None
Differentiated Parcel Tax	Would require the following amendments: • Remove uniformity clause (allows for differentiation) • Provide ability to create exemptions	Consider amendments
Sales Tax	Would require: • Adding sales tax as eligible mechanism • Separate legislation to raise the local sales tax cap, which would require identifying specific sales tax rate by early-mid-2027.	Consider amendments and companion legislation.
Payroll Tax	Would require adding payroll tax as eligible mechanism with specifics on exemptions and/or differentiation.	Consider amendments
Real Estate Transfer Tax	Would require adding RETT as eligible mechanism with specifics on design.	Consider amendments

BAHFA Statute's Current Eligible Uses

Affordable Housing Production: at least 52%

Affordable Housing Preservation: at least 15%

Tenant Protections: at least 5%

Flexible Uses (any of 3Ps): 28% Locals / 18% Regional
Other Housing-Related Uses (Grant Program): 10% Regional

Emerging Potential Eligible Use Ideas

- Expand eligibility for operating subsidy, in particular those that can cover rental subsidies like Capitalized Operating Subsidy Reserves (COSRs)
- Create a minimum set-aside for extremely low-income housing
- Create flexibility for innovative housing models:
 - Increase AMI limits for BAHFA production funds to 120% to cross subsidize more deeply affordable units
 - Expand BAHFA financing options to produce or preserve mixed-income properties that meet public benefit criteria (research ongoing)
 - Allow BAHFA production funds to produce housing for homeownership
- Increase funding minimum for tenant protections and homelessness prevention
- Increase public engagement requirements

Labor Standards

BAHFA's enabling statute establishes different levels of legal authority to impose labor standards on **regional funds** vs. **return-to-source local funds**:

- **Regional funds:** BAHFA may (but is not required) to impose specific labor standards.
- **Return-to-Source Local Funds:** BAHFA cannot impose labor standards on local funds. However, each administering entity (county or city) may determine whether to apply labor standards on their own funds.

The Labor Standards Subcommittee is exploring whether to recommend expansion of BAHFA's authority to establish labor standards on all revenue and what those standards should be.

Revenue Distribution: Local Control with Regional Investment

Revenue source and exact local/regional split not set until ballot language is drafted

Return-to-Source = At Least

80% of Parcel Tax/Gross Receipts/Bonds
50% of Employee "Head" Tax

County
Expenditure
Plans

San Jose &
Oakland
Expenditure
Plans

Other Direct
Allocation *
Expenditure
Plans

BAHFA = No More Than

20% of Parcel Tax/Gross Receipts/Bonds
50% of Employee "Head" Tax

Regional
Expenditure
Plan

- All plans must meet minimum funding for "3Ps" (Production 52%, Preservation 15%, Protections 5%) **
- All plans may include up to 5% for administrative costs
- BAHFA's plan may include local government grants

Additional Opportunities for Local Elected Officials and Staff to Engage

BAHFA is meeting with elected officials in each of the nine counties. In addition to presentations like this one, we will provide other opportunities for input from local governments, including:

- League of Cities Peninsula Division on September 14 at noon.
- A [webinar for elected officials](#) on September 30 from 11 am to noon.
- A [survey for elected officials](#) open until October 23.
- A convening of local housing staff this fall

These activities supplement extensive stakeholder and community engagement spearheaded by the Regional Housing Stakeholder Committee.

Non-governmental stakeholders will be separately invited to attend “All Hands” meetings hosted by the RHSC

2026 State Housing Bond

\$11.25 billion housing bond on the November 2026 ballot. If passed, it will fund:

- A variety of rental and home ownership construction programs.
- A new preservation program.
- Other programs including funding for infill infrastructure and local housing trust funds.

Depending on the outcome of state legislation, BAHFA may be eligible to administer the preservation program.

Thank You

Daniel Saver

MTC Deputy Executive Director,
Housing & Energy

dsaver@bayareametro.gov



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